

Hytrel[®] 4056 ECO-B 452 THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Common features of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer include mechanical and physical properties such as exceptional toughness and resilience, high resistance to creep, impact and flex fatigue, flexibility at low temperatures and good retention of properties at elevated temperatures. In addition, it resists many industrial chemicals, oils and solvents. Special grades include heat stabilised, flame retardant, food contact compliant, blow molding and extrusion grades. Concentrates offered include black pigments, UV protection additives, heat stabilisers, and flame retardants. Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer is plasticiser free.

The good melt stability of Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer normally enables the recycling of properly handled production waste. If recycling is not possible, we recommend, as the preferred option, incineration with energy recovery (-24 kJ/g of base polymer) in appropriately equipped installations.

For disposal, local regulations have to be observed.

Hytrel® thermoplastic polyester elastomer typically is used in demanding applications in the automotive, fluid power, electrical/electronic, consumer goods, appliance and power tool, sporting goods, furniture, industrial and off-road transportation/equipment industry.

Hytrel® 4056 ECO-B 452 is a low modulus Hytrel® grade with nominal durometer hardness of 40D and with high impact resistance down to -40°C. It contains a non-discoloring stabilizer. It is recommended for extrusion and compounding. It has same performance and processing properties as Hytrel® 4056.

Hytrel® 4056 ECO-B 452 belongs to the Hytrel® ECO-B family. The products of this family are partially produced using bio-feedstock derived from waste*. This results in reduced lifecycle greenhouse gas emissions and lower fossil resource use.

*certified bio-circular according to ISCC Plus mass balance approach.

Typical applications:

Hose and tubing, hose jackets, wire and cable jackets, film and sheeting, belting

and seals, PVC and rubber compound modification.

Rheological properties

| Melt volume-flow rate Temperature | - | cm³/10min °C | ISO 1133 |
|--------------------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Load | 2.16 | | |
| Melt mass-flow rate | | g/10min | ISO 1133 |
| Melt mass-flow rate, Temperature | | °C | |
| Melt mass-flow rate, Load | 2.16 | kg | |
| Moulding shrinkage, parallel | | % | ISO 294-4, 2577 |
| Moulding shrinkage, normal | 0.4 | % | ISO 294-4, 2577 |
| Typical mechanical properties | | | |
| Tensile modulus | 60 | MPa | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Stress at 5% strain | 2.4 | MPa | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Stress at 10% strain | 4.6 | MPa | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Tensile stress at 50% strain, 1BA | 8.4 | MPa | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Tensile stress at break | 22 | MPa | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Nominal strain at break | 500 | % | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Tensile strain at break | >300 | % | ISO 527-1/-2 |
| Flexural modulus | 60 | MPa | ISO 178 |
| Tensile creep modulus, 1h | 54 | MPa | ISO 899-1 |
| Tensile creep modulus, 1000h | 40 | MPa | ISO 899-1 |
| Charpy impact strength, 23°C | Ν | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eU |

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| Charpy impact strength, -30 °C | Ν | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eU |
|--|--------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C | N | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eA |
| Charpy notched impact strength, -30 °C | N | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eA |
| Charpy notched impact strength, -40°C | N | kJ/m² | ISO 179/1eA |
| Tensile notched impact strength, 23°C | 230 | kJ/m² | ISO 8256/1 |
| Puncture - maximum force, 23°C | 1500 | Ν | ISO 6603-2 |
| Puncture - maximum force, -30°C | 2800 | Ν | ISO 6603-2 |
| Puncture energy, 23°C | 19 | J | ISO 6603-2 |
| Puncture energy, -30°C | 37 | | ISO 6603-2 |
| Izod notched impact strength, 23°C | | kJ/m² | ISO 180/1A |
| Izod notched impact strength, -40°C | | kJ/m ² | ISO 180/1A |
| Poisson's ratio | 0.5 | | |
| Brittleness temperature | -97 | °C | ISO 974 |
| Shore D hardness, 15s | 37 | 0 | ISO 48-4 / ISO 868 |
| Shore D hardness, max | 43 | | ISO 868 |
| Tear strength, parallel | | kN/m | ISO 34-1 |
| Tear strength, normal | | kN/m | ISO 34-1 ISO 34-1 |
| Abrasion resistance | | mm ³ | ISO 4649 |
| Abrasion resistance | 200 | | 130 4043 |
| Tribological properties | | | |
| Coefficient of static friction, against steel | 0.6 | | ISO 8295 |
| Thermal properties | | | |
| | | | |
| Melting temperature, 10°C/min | 152 | | ISO 11357-1/-3 |
| Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min | -50 | | ISO 11357-1/-3 |
| Temperature of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa | | °C | ISO 75-1/-2 |
| Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h 10N | 109 | | ISO 306 |
| Coefficient of linear thermal expansion | 130 | E-6/K | ISO 11359-1/-2 |
| (CLTE), parallel | | | |
| Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), normal | 160 | E-6/K | ISO 11359-1/-2 |
| Effective thermal diffusivity, flow | 8.5E-8 | m²/s | ISO 22007-4 |
| RTI, electrical, 1.5mm | | °C | UL 746B |
| RTI, impact, 1.5mm | | °C | UL 746B |
| RTI, strength, 1.5mm | | °Č | UL 746B |
| | | | |
| Flammability | | | |
| Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn. | HB | class | IEC 60695-11-10 |
| Thickness tested | 1.5 | mm | IEC 60695-11-10 |
| UL recognition | yes | | UL 94 |
| Burning Behav. at thickness h | HB | class | IEC 60695-11-10 |
| Thickness tested | 0.8 | mm | IEC 60695-11-10 |
| UL recognition | yes | | UL 94 |
| Oxygen index | 20 | % | ISO 4589-1/-2 |
| FMVSS Class | SE | | ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302) |
| | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

E-4

E-4

Ohm.m

kV/mm

Ohm

%

%

%

kg/m³

kg/m³

 $g/(m^{2*}d)$

mm

cm³/(m²*d*bar)



IEC 62631-2-1 IEC 62631-2-1

IEC 62631-2-1

IEC 62631-2-1

IEC 62631-3-1

IEC 62631-3-2

Sim. to ISO 62

Sim. to ISO 62

Sim. to ISO 62

DIS 15106-1/-2

DIS 15105-1/-2

ISO 1183

IEC 60243-1 IEC 60112

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| Drying Recommended | yes |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| Drying Temperature | 80 °C |
| Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer | 2-3 h |
| Processing Moisture Content | ≤0.08 % |
| Melt Temperature Optimum | 180 °C |
| Min. melt temperature | 170 °C |
| Max. melt temperature | 190 °C |
| Mold Temperature Optimum | 40 °C |
| Min. mould temperature | 30 °C |
| Max. mould temperature | 40 °C |
| | |
| Extrusion | |
| | |

| Drying Temperature | 70 - 90 °C |
|---------------------------------|--------------|
| Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer | 2-3 h |
| Processing Moisture Content | ≤0.06 % |
| Melt Temperature Optimum | 170 °C |
| Melt Temperature Range | 165 - 180 °C |

Characteristics

| Processing | Injection Moulding, Film Extrusion, Extrusion, Sheet Extrusion, Other Extrusion, Coatable, Calendering, Casting, Thermoforming |
|-------------------------|--|
| Delivery form | Pellets |
| Special characteristics | Light stabilised or stable to light |

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Sustainability

Bio-Content

Additional information

Injection molding

Snake Flow Test , mm

| Inject press 62MPa, 1mm | 80 |
|---|-----|
| Inject press 62MPa, 2.5mm | 330 |
| Inject press 83MPa(12,000psi), 1mm | 95 |
| Inject press 83MPa(12,000psi), 2.5mm | 430 |

Automotive

| OEM | | |
|---------------|--|--|
| Hyundai | | |
| Mercedes-Benz | | |

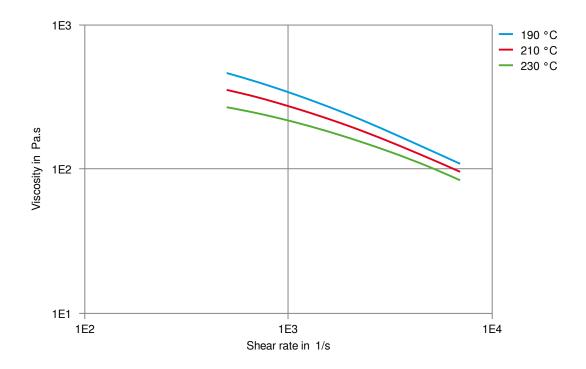
STANDARD MS220-24 Type E DBL5562.50 TPC





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Viscosity-shear rate

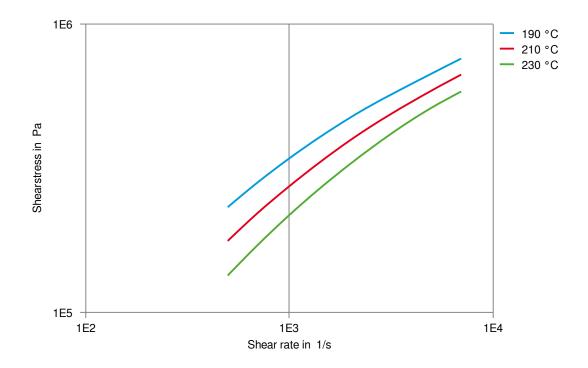






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Shearstress-shear rate

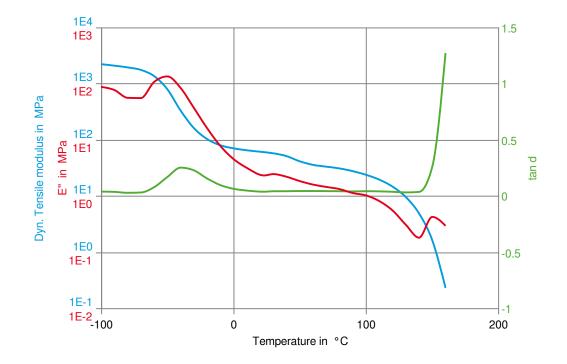






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Dynamic Tensile modulus-temperature

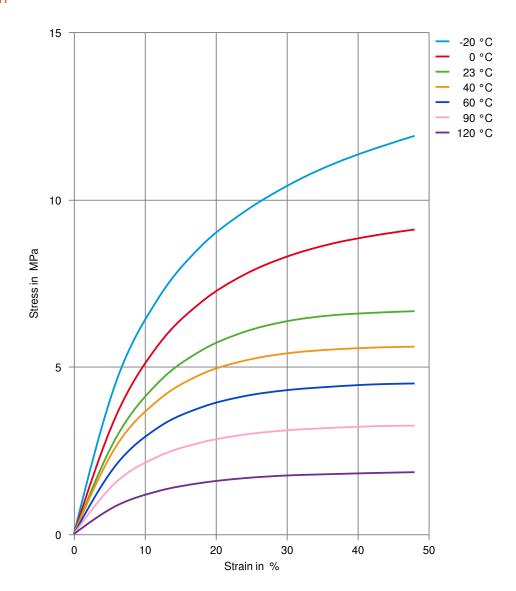






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

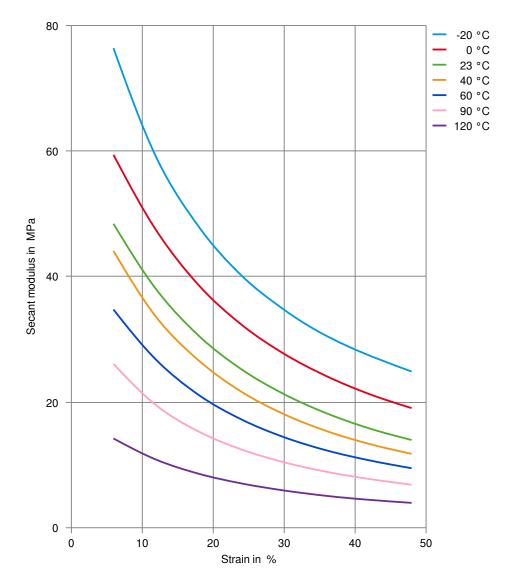
Stress-strain





THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

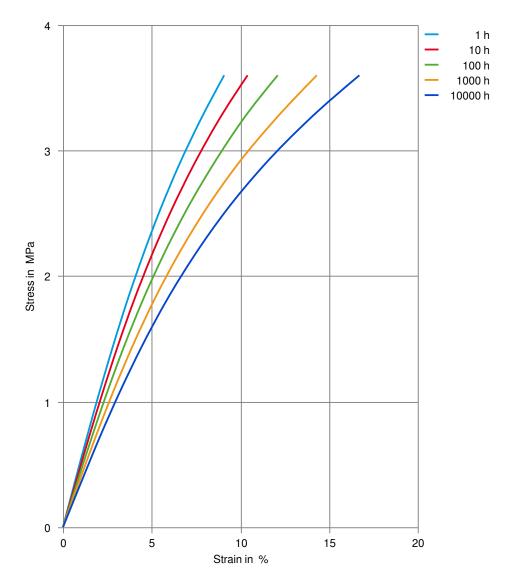
Secant modulus-strain





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Stress-strain (isochronous) 23°C

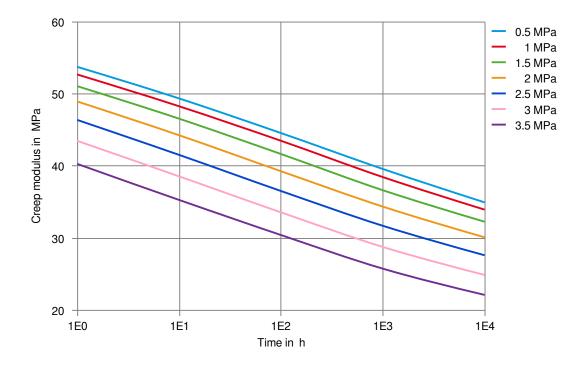






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

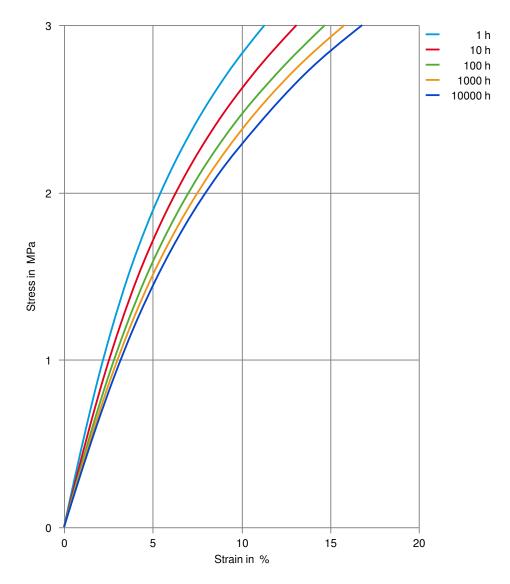
Creep modulus-time 23°C





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Stress-strain (isochronous) 40°C

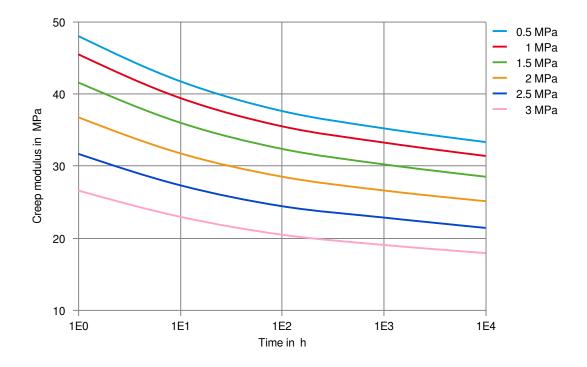






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Creep modulus-time 40°C

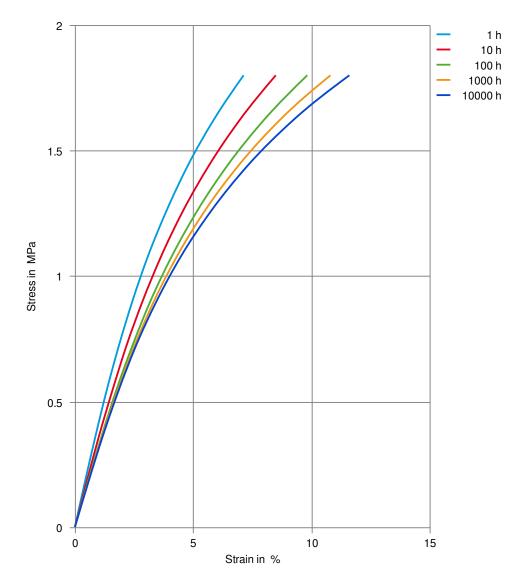






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Stress-strain (isochronous) 80°C

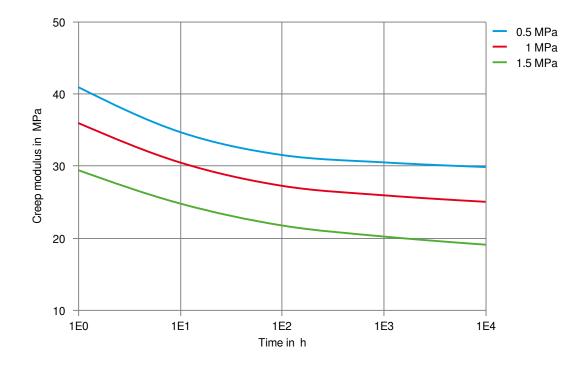






THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER ELASTOMER

Creep modulus-time 80°C

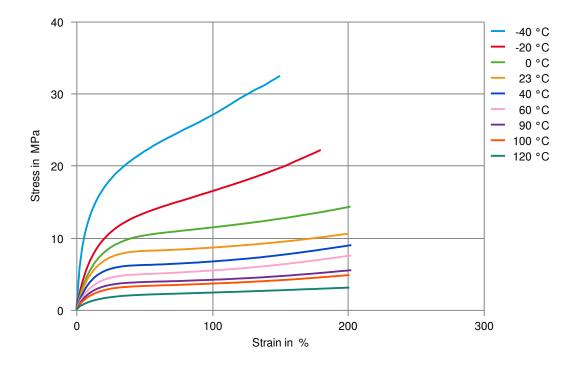






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Stress-Strain (Flexible Materials)





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Chemical Media Resistance

Acids

- ✓ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23°C
- ★ Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23°C
- X Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C
- X Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23 °C
- ✓ Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ★ Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C

Bases

- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C
- Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

Alcohols

- ✓ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✓ Methanol, 23°C
- ✓ Ethanol, 23°C

Hydrocarbons

- ✓ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✓ Toluene, 23°C
- ✓ iso-Octane, 23°C

Ketones

X Acetone, 23°C

Ethers

X Diethyl ether, 23°C

Mineral oils

- ✓ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- X SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- X SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130 °C
- ✓ Insulating Oil, 23°C
- X Motor oil OS206 304 Ref.Eng.Oil, ISP, 135°C
- X Automatic hypoid-gear oil Shell Donax TX, 135°C

Standard Fuels

- X ISO 1817 Liquid 1 E5, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 2 M15E4, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 3 M3E7, 60°C
- X ISO 1817 Liquid 4 M15, 60°C
- ✓ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✓ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- X Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

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Salt solutions

- ✓ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- X Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- ✓ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

Other

- ✓ Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
- X Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
- X DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ★ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C
- 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23°C
- ✓ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 23°C
- ✓ Water, 90°C
- ✓ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23°C
- X Coolant Glysantin G48, 1:1 in water, 125°C

Symbols used:

✓ possibly resistant

Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).

X not recommended - see explanation

Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).

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